

OCTOBER 2010

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INQUIRIES

For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070.

NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES	ISSUE	RELEASE DATE
	November 2010	17 January 2011
	December 2010	8 February 2011
	January 2011	11 March 2011
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INTRODUCTION	These statistics are based slaughtering establishme referring to the Australian	s statistics on livestock slaughterings and meat production. I on a monthly collection from abattoirs and other major nts. More detailed information on this series can be obtained by n Bureau of Statistics (ABS) quarterly publication,
	Livestock Products, Austr	<i>ralia</i> (cat. no. 7215.0).
	available from the Downl original, seasonally adjust	readsheets containing state/territory and national data are loads tab for this publication. These spreadsheets contain ted and trend estimates for slaughtering and meat production eers, cows and heifers, cattle (excluding calves), calves, sheep,
	quality of the statistics pr The Environment and Ag Statistics, GPO Box 66, H	omments from readers regarding the usefulness, range and esented in this publication. Comments can be forwarded to: riculture Business Statistics Centre, Australian Bureau of obart TAS 7001. Alternatively email ubs.gov.au> or phone (03) 6222 5939.
CHANGES IN THIS ISSUE	frame for the Livestock C applied to the estimates these changes have had	previous edition, this release incorporates updates to the sample collection and associated adjustments to the constant factor to account for production from small abattoirs. In combination only a minor impact on slaughter and production estimates for types. For further information please refer to the Explanatory
INQUIRIES	For further information a Information and Referral	bout these and related statistics, contact the National Service on 1300 135 070.
ABBREVIATIONS	ABS Australian Bureau excl. excluding no. number t tonne	of Statistics

Brian Pink Australian Statistician

MAIN FEATURES

LIVESTOCK

In October 2010, the trend estimate for cattle slaughterings fell, down 1% from September 2010 to 619 thousand.

Calf slaughterings were down 4% from September 2010. Sustained falls over a number of months has seen calf slaughterings decline by 29% compared to October 2009.

The trend estimate for sheep slaughterings in October 2010 increased to 537 thousand, a 2% rise from September 2010, but still down 22% from October 2009.

Lamb slaughterings in October 2010 fell, down 2% from September 2010 and 10% from October 2009.

In October, the trend estimate for pig slaughterings remained steady.

LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTERED, Australia—October 2010

	Original	Seasonally Adjusted	Trend
	no.	no.	no.
Cattle(a)	645 530	619 241	618 521
Calves	56 372	54 726	54 621
Sheep	570 251	520 552	536 858
Lambs	1 697 812	1 540 076	1 504 691
Pigs	352 141	382 837	390 625

(a) Excludes calves

MEAT

In October 2010, the trend estimate for beef production fell by 1% from September 2010 to 173 thousand tonnes.

Veal production fell by 4% from September 2010 and was down 28% from October 2009.

The trend estimate for mutton production rose to 12 thousand tonnes, an increase of 1% from September 2010, but still down 18% from October 2009.

In October 2010, production of lamb fell by 2% from September 2010 to

33 thousand tonnes. Lamb production was down 7% compared to October 2009.

The trend estimate for production of pig meat remained steady.

MEAT PRODUCED, Australia—October 2010

	Original	Seasonally Adjusted	Trend
	t	t	t
Beef	183 813	176 303	173 150
Veal	3 488	3 336	3 135
Mutton	13 585	11 755	12 241
Lamb	36 031	33 365	32 768
Pig meat	25 796	27 744	28 624

EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT

1 This publication contains information on livestock slaughterings and meat production.

2 The statistics on slaughterings for red meat production are based on a monthly collection from abattoirs and other major slaughtering establishments and include estimates of animals slaughtered by country butchers and other small slaughtering establishments.

3 From July 2010, on-farm slaughter was no longer included in estimates of livestock slaughterings or meat production. Historical data back to July 2007 were revised for all series. Calf and pig definitions were also aligned to current industry standards.

4 In October 2010 a coverage exercise was undertaken to refresh the sample frame used in the Livestock Slaughtered collection. The coverage exercise also enabled review of the constant factor applied to monthly slaughter and meat production estimates to account for the activities of small abattoirs. Together these activities serve to ensure the ongoing quality of estimates produced from this collection.

5 From October 2010, estimates of livestock slaughter and meat production included in this and the related publication *Livestock Products, Australia* (cat. no. 7215.0) reflect sample frame revisions and updates to the constant arising from the coverage exercise.

6 These changes have had only a minor impact on estimates and on comparability of data over time.

7 Further information on the October 2010 coverage exercise and related impacts can be obtained by contacting the Agricultural and Environment Business Statistics Centre on (03) 62225940 or via email <a griculture.statistics@abs.gov.au>.

8 Red meat is shown in carcass weight and excludes offal.

9 Care should be taken when using this information as the figures only relate to slaughterings for human consumption and do not include animals condemned, slaughtered for pet food or those killed for boiling down.

10 The figures in this publication have been rounded. As a result, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

11 Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences can be more clearly recognised.

12 In the seasonal adjustment of the livestock estimates, account has been taken of both normal seasonal factors and 'trading day' effects, where significant. Seasonal adjustment does not remove from the series the effect of irregular influences (e.g. abnormal weather, industrial disputes).

13 As for the seasonally adjusted state components, the state component trend estimates have been produced independently and therefore may not add up to the Australian group totals.

14 In this publication, the seasonally adjusted estimates are produced by the concurrent seasonal adjustment method which takes account of the latest available original estimates. This method improves the estimation of seasonal factors and, therefore, the seasonally adjusted and trend estimates for the current and previous months. As a result of this improvement, revisions to the seasonally adjusted and trend estimates will be observed for recent periods. A more detailed review is conducted annually.

15 For further information, see *Time Series Analysis Frequently Asked Questions, 2003* (cat. no. 1346.0.55.002).

EXPLANATORY NOTES continued

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SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT continued	16 From September 2007, improved methods of producing seasonally adjusted estimates, focused on the application of Autoregressive Integrated Moving Average (ARIMA) modelling techniques, were implemented. The ARIMA modelling technique can be used to extend original estimates beyond the end of a time series.
	17 For further information on ARIMA modelling, see the feature article ' <i>Use of ARIMA modelling to reduce revisions</i> ' in Australian Economic Indicators, Oct 2004 (cat. no. 1350.0).
TREND ESTIMATES	18 A trend estimate is obtained by reducing the irregular component from the seasonally adjusted series. For monthly data, trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson moving average to the seasonally adjusted series. Revisions of trend estimates will occur with revisions to the original data and re-estimation of seasonal factors.
	19 For further information, see <i>Information Paper: A Guide to Interpreting Time Series - Monitoring Trends, 2003</i> (cat. no. 1349.0).
RELATED PUBLICATIONS	20 Current publications and other products released by the ABS are listed under the Statistics and Topics @ a Glance pages on the ABS website <http: www.abs.gov.au="">. The ABS also issues a daily Release Advice on the website which details products to be released in the week ahead.</http:>
	 21 Other ABS publications containing livestock data include: Agricultural Commodities, Australia (cat. no. 7121.0) Agricultural Commodities: Small Area Data, Australia (cat. no. 7125.0) Livestock Products, Australia (cat. no. 7215.0) Value of Agricultural Commodities Produced, Australia (cat. no. 7503.0)
GENERAL ACKNOWLEDGMENT	22 ABS publications draw extensively on information provided freely by individuals, businesses, governments and other organisations. Their continued cooperation is very much appreciated. Without it, the wide range of statistics published by the ABS would not be available. Information received by the ABS is treated in strict confidence as

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